

Mainstreaming and Climate Change

John Munro PB Digital Participation Manager, COSLA





Agenda



- What is mainstream and what does it look like in Scotland
- Opportunities, Challenges and Constraints
- Discussion: what budgets could you PB?
- What makes mainstream Green?
- Examples of Green PB in local government
- Discussion: what does Green PB look like in your organisation
- Summary and Next Steps



What is mainstream and what does it look like in Scotland

- What is COSLA
- What is Mainstream PB
- The mainstream PB Journey 1% framework
- Building the PB infrastructure the work of the Cosla PB team





What is COSLA?

The Convention of Scottish Local Authorities (COSLA) is a Councillor-led, cross-party organisation which champions Councils' vital work to secure the resources and powers they need. COSLA works on Councils' behalf to focus on the challenges and opportunities they face, and to engage positively with Governments and others on policy, funding and legislation. We're here to help councils build better and more equal local communities. To do that we want to empower local decision making and enable Councils to do what works locally.



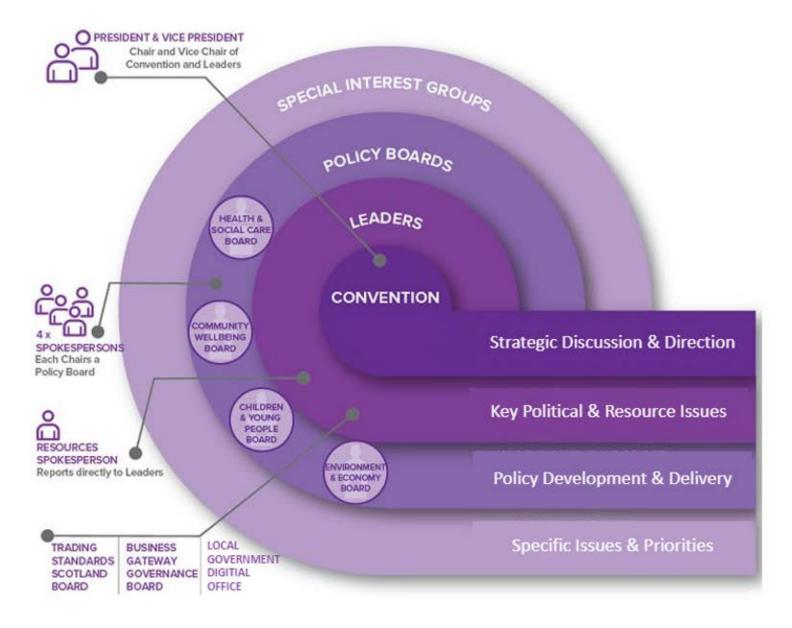
What is COSLA?

- The voice of Local Government in Scotland representing 32 Local Authorities
- Political leadership on national issues
- Engage with Scottish, UK and international governments to secure councils' resources and powers
- Work with councils to improve local services and strengthen local democracy
- Specialist shared services Business Gateway, myjobscotland, Digital
 Office and Trading Standards Scotland



COSLA's Governance Arrangements







What is Mainstream PB

Participatory budgeting is a democratic process where local people decide how to spend public budgets

What is PB?



- Participatory budgeting is a democratic process where local people decide how to spend public budgets
- PB goes beyond consultation and engagement to promote the active participation of communities in the allocation of local budgets and resources
- PB results in services which are more responsive to local need but also highlights to the community how the council is responding to local priorities.

What is Mainstream PB?



Mainstream PB is **not about separate budgets** but bringing community voices and experiences into decisions on council spend **which would be made anyway**.

What is Mainstream PB?

- PB is embedded within corporate and/or strategic plans
- Scope is clearly communicated.
- Purpose of PB activity is clearly efined and aligned to community priorities

- PB activity uses existing evidence and indicators to inform outcomes
- Communities help define priorities and scope

- PB brings together elected members, council staff and communities
- PB links with existing engagement activity e.g. LOIPs or community planning

MAINSTREAM PARTICIPATORY BUDGETING

Existing Budgets Capital & Revenue

- PB activity is inclusive and representative of diverse communities
- PB is open and transparent
- Aims of PB are clearly communicated







Mainstream PB aims for participation, deliberation and knowledge exchange



Purpose

Scope

Strategic design

Facilitation

Participation

Decision Making

Impact

Agenda Setting
(Planning)

Community Priorities

Strategic Partners

Shaping
Solutions
(Deliberation)

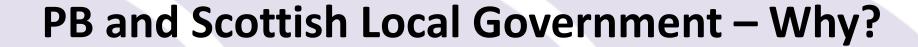
Learning and exchange

Develop proposals

Prioritising
Activity
(Vote)

Short/Medium and Long term

Outcomes





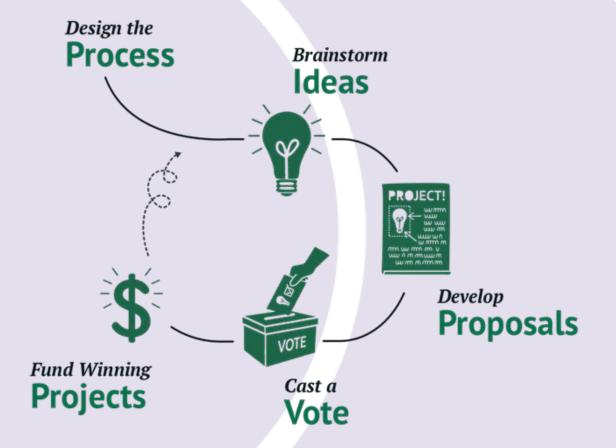
- Involves communities participating not only on grants and discretionary spend but also on core budget decisions relating to service delivery and priorities.
- Devolves decisions to a local level, creating opportunities for service innovation whereby communities develop local solutions to local issues.
- Deliberation as part of PB encourages a focus on consensus building through deliberation of key issues and coproduction of solutions.
- Ensures **public services remain democratically accountable** to local people and meet the needs of those who use them.
- Empowers underrepresented/equalities groups to actively participate in service design to ensure councils best meet equalities duties.
- Enhances the role of elected members as advocates for the needs of their communities.



The story so far

1st Generation PB: Small Grants PB





- Typically small grants allocated via one off public voting events
- Total of £6.5 million allocated via CCF 2014-19
- Popular method for community engagement 1,713 project voted on 2017/18
- Limited impact in terms of Transformational change
- Risk of excluding minority groups during the voting process

2nd Generation: towards mainstream



- In 2017, COSLA and Scottish Government agreed that at least 1% of local authority budgets will be subject to participatory budgeting by the end of 2021.
- Across Scotland this agreement is referred to as the 1% mainstream PB agreement.
- The agreement was revised in 2021 to recognise the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on local priorities.

Meaningful Engagement and participation



- Aim of mainstream PB is to ensure empowered and strategic engagement of communities in mainstream budget decisions and service design.
- Three T's to measure progress (GCU 2019 Report on PB)

Limited exchange of financial resources.

Time limited

Small Grants PB

Shift of power and resources from state to community.

Balance of responsibilities to resources

Mainstream PB

Radical democratic change involving excluded groups

Deliberation, Participation, Codesign.

Mainstream PB, Deliberative Democracy

The role of the Cosla PB team



Developing the PB Infrastructure

- Policy Community Empowerment; 1% Framework; National PB Strategy Group; Political engagement between Cosla and Tom Arthur Minister for Public Finance, Planning and Community Wealth;
- Support/Capacity building
 — National PB Officers Group, Strategic & Operational Group; training, individual council support
- Digital CONSUL

Elected Members Briefing Note





Governance



Sits alongside national programme of support from Scottish Government – <u>National Participatory Budgeting Strategic Group: terms of reference - gov.scot (www.gov.scot)</u>

Proposals to develop a joint Scottish Government/COSLA National Delivery Group

National PB Strategic Group (NPBSG)

Independent Strategic Group – Chaired by Martin Johnstone; Secretariat support by SG Community Empowerment Team.

Purpose:

- Provide/influence strategic direction for strengthening PB in Scotland.
- Support implementation of National PB Framework, build capacity and encourage best practice.
- Draw evidence from practitioners and experts on PB.
- Members gather intelligence; highlight examples of good practice; identify gaps for improvement; Sub-Groups share learnings with the wider Strategic Group.

Meetings and Membership:

- Meet on a quarterly basis.
- Wider Group Membership agreed by Chair. Members span across public sector, third sector, academia.
- Sub-Group membership agreed by the respective Convenor and its members.

Reporting mechanism:

 Publish annual report charting progress towards 16 Priorities of National PB Framework; identify avenues of activity for Delivery Group

Scottish Government

PROPOSED WAY FORWARD

- NPBSG to provide first Annual Report to SG on PB Framework (Proposed date: September 2022).
- This could highlight the recommendation to establish a PB Delivery Group, to complement the work of the NPBSG.
- SG policy advice to Minister would be to support this approach.
- SG/COSLA work collaboratively to make this happen.

BUSINESS-AS-USUAL

- After the first year, subsequent Annual Reports by NPBSG could go to the Minister and COSLA Spokesperson/VP (cc'ing the Delivery Group members).
- Make the annual reports publicly available i.e. on Gov.Scot / PB Scotland / COSLA website.
- SG/ COSLA to yet agree mechanism on the Delivery Group signing off and/or responding to the report – i.e. separate or collective sign-off? – To be featured in Delivery Group ToR.

[NAME TBC] Delivery Group

Joint Political Delivery Group — Co-chaired by SG Minister and COSLA Spokesperson/VP; Co-convenor support by SG and COSLA PB officials.

Purpose:

- Develop delivery plan for Mainstream PB across SG/LG/broader public sector which responds to NPBSG's Annual Report.
- Group remit to bring together SG, LG and public sector and establish shared working arrangements to embed PB and ensure joint political oversight.
- Building upon commitment from 1% Framework Agreement will advance mainstream PB across 16 priority areas of National Framework and SG/public sector.
- Delivery and development of plan delegated to officials with bi-annual political meetings

Meetings and Membership:

- Bi-annual meetings to be co-chaired by the Minister and COSLA Spokesperson/VP (rotate Chair every meeting).
- Interim Delivery Group meetings (co-convened by SG and COSLA Officials.) Quarterly basis, responding to same cycle as NPBSG.
- Membership of the group expected to span across senior officers (i.e. who have budget responsibility; influence at CEO level; remitted to make networks across the public sector).

Reporting Mechanism:

- Delivery Group sign off the NPBSG reports, and to communicate back to NPBSG in the form of public reports.
 Provide public facing evidence to chart progress against the 16 priorities.
- The current quarterly political meetings between the Minister and COSLA Spokesperson/VP can be reduced to meetings on an ad-hoc basis (i.e. meeting in advance to prepare for the biannual Delivery Group meetings).
- COSLA sign off via CWB/LEADERS required on the Delivery Group response (which outlines shared ambitions/commitments).

COSLA LEADERS

COSLA Community Wellbeing Board

COSLA PB Officers Network

- Quarterly network meetings for council officers working on mainstream PB – open membership.
- Invitation for partner agencies to attend and provide updates

COSLA PB Strategic & Operational Group

- Membership from senior council officers across all council directorates
 Inform development
- of national guidance on mainstream PB Identify opportunities for partnership working

Short life thematic PB working groups

Informed by work of Strategic & Operational Group will explore opportunities for developing mainstream PB across public sector partnerships e.g. CPP's, HSCPs

COSLA/LG officers/LG professional associations provide evidence to inform work of National PB Strategic Group via membership.





- In Scotland local government has committed to allocating at least 1% of council budgets using PB, this is set out in the <u>Community Choices</u>
 1% Framework Agreement
- COSLA funded to support this work.
- Annual Proforma Returns monitoring progress





Digital PB: CONSUL

- Free, Open-Source Software
- A digital tool for citizen participation enabling open, transparent and democratic engagement between public bodies, citizens and communities
- Supported by the CONSUL Foundation and currently used by cities in over 100 countries across the world
- COSLA is leading the implementation of CONSUL on behalf of Scotland's Local Authorities
- Also providing CONSUL to a range of partner agencies



Why CONSUL?

A Changing Nation:



How Scotland will Thrive in a Digital World

Digital Strategy for Scotland An Ethical Digital Nation

use digital technology to increase community engagement and participation;

Transforming Government

build a suite of common platforms to be adopted across the public sector;



Community Empowerment Act 2015

Participatory Budgeting 1% Framework Agreement

Scotland's Open Government Action Plan: 2021 to 2025

Digital Strategy for Scotland

Just Transition

Programme for Government





CONSUL PROCESSES



DEBATES

PROPOSALS

VOTING

Collaborative Legislation Citiz

PARTICIPATORY BUDGETING

vement proposals at any time

Citizens can vote to select projects

LINGUICO VILIZOTIO

Citizens can participate in the creation of plans

n decide how to spend budgets



2020/21 Pro Forma Returns



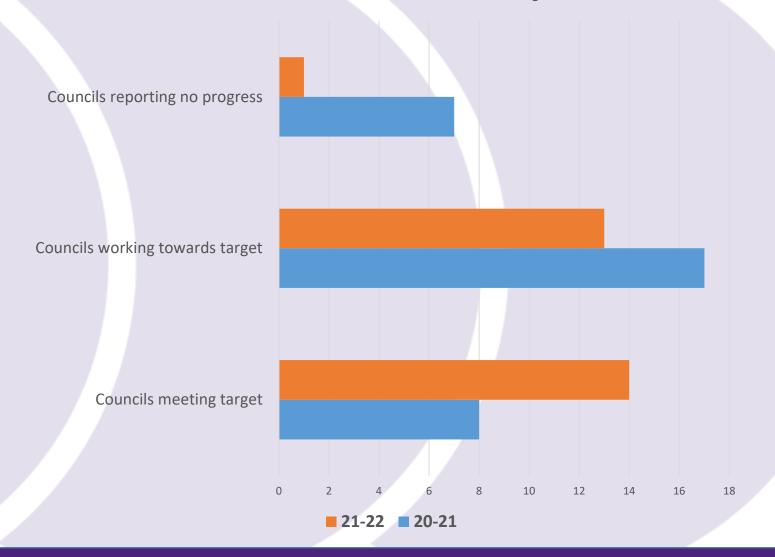
- 2020/21 1% target nationally £105m councils reported £78m of PB spend
- Split £50m capital and £28m revenue
- At least 43,828 people participated in PB activity across Scottish Councils
- COVID pandemic significantly delayed planned progress (1/3 councils reported postponement)
- Evidence shows a need to clarify distinction between consultation/engagement activity and Mainstream PB







Overview of Activity







| | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| 1% Target | £106 million | £108 million | |
| Budget Reported | £79 million | > £108 million | |
| Councils meeting target | 8 | 14 | |
| Councils working towards target | 17 | 13 | |
| Councils recording no progress | 7 | 1* | |
| Councils increasing PB spend | | 17 | |
| Councils decreasing PB spend | | 3 | |



Opportunities Challenges and Constraints

- What are the policy hooks?
- The boring bits
- Capacity



Why Participation?



Public participation in Scotland deficits and aspirations

(Scottish Social Attitudes Survey 2015, 2017 + Ipsos Mori 2014)

35% of Scottish citizens feel part of how decisions affecting their community are made

77% would get more involved in their community if it was easier to participate in decisions that affect it

80% said that people should be involved in deciding how money is spent on local services

96% said that people should be involved in making decisions about how local services are planned and run

A 2014 study of Lisbon's PB an in an increase of over 25,000 participants in 4 years.

2008: 2,809 voters

1,732 participants

580 projects

2012: 24,911 voters

26,815 participants

659 projects



Policy Hooks



Future of Participatory Budgeting in Scotland: framework - gov.scot (www.gov.scot)

PB supports work towards

- Democratic Innovation
- Community Empowerment
- Public Service Reform
- Open Government

<u>Participatory Budgeting resources – Wakelet</u> <u>http://tiny.cc/pbpolicy</u>





- Scottish Housing Charter outlines the standards and outcomes that social landlords should aim to achieve - PB can enable councils to engage with tenants as per parts 1) Equalities, 2) Communication, 3) Participation and 4) Quality of Housing.
- Builds upon existing tenant participation and engagement practice in a way which is meaningful, inclusive and empowering. A core principle of PB in housing is that tenants should have the final say on resource allocation.
- PB can help build consensus on difficult decisions and empowers communities with information to make informed choices.
- Gypsy&TravellerFund Participation at its core



PB & Education



- PB for PEF and Cost of the School Day is/has been trialled across 10 Scottish LAs.
- Further work on PB with YP and youth services.
- PB provides strong basis for enhancing curriculum, building trust and empowering pupils and parents.
- Positive feedback from schools already engaged, increasing and ongoing commitment (e.g. notable examples in South Lanarkshire & Dumfries & Galloway)



Opportunities for PB in PfG



- Deliver our commitment to invest £60 million to renew play-parks in Scotland.
- Enhance the Forestry Grant Scheme to deliver better community engagement, improved biodiversity and increased value for money, including improved support for tree planting around rivers and streams
- Continue to invest up to £75 million in place based initiatives, which supports our most fragile communities and accelerate our ambitions for place and to help people live well locally
- Launch our Biodiversity Strategy and continue supporting people and projects across Scotland to restore and enhance our natural environment through the £13 million Nature Restoration Fund



Opportunities for PB in PfG



- To support communities to unlock these benefits we will double the Scottish Land Fund (from £10 million each year to £20 million) by 2026. In the year ahead, we will work with stakeholder organisations and communities to build the pipeline of projects to take advantage of the fund as it increases
- Launch a £25 million Clyde Mission Heat Decarbonisation Fund later this year, supporting zero emission heat projects and communal heating systems along the length of the Clyde
- Develop a Just Transition Plan for the Grangemouth Industrial Cluster.
- Support over 20 projects through our Just Transition Fund for the North East and Moray with a total value of over £50 million over 4 years, with £20 million allocated this year
- Deliver record investment in active travel, including multi year funding, with a focus on new infrastructure and storage, access to bikes through schemes



Emerging opportunities for PB

- <u>Education</u> PB recognised <u>national guidance</u> for Pupil Equity Fund as a way to give pupils a say in decisions which affect them. <u>Trialled by several</u> councils.
- <u>Procurement</u> PB complements procurement practice either through tender specifications or community payback – <u>Good for Community</u> national outcomes
- <u>Social housing</u> Tenant participation. <u>Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation</u> <u>Fund</u> (£20 million available over the five years 2021-26) specific focus on participation and PB
- <u>Climate</u> Recommendations from <u>Just Transition Commission</u> on Green PB target
- Investing in Communities Fund (2022/23) available for community led PB





PB and Recovery: Collectively Identifying Priorities

 Mainstream PB can play a central role in collectively defining services post pandemic which meet the changed(ing) needs of communities.

• PB is identified within the <u>Social Renewal Advisory Board</u> report and COSLA <u>Local Government Blueprint</u> as central ways to empower communities within local decision making on service reform.



Challenges and Constraints

Challenges & Constraints

- the boring bits
- Governance
- GDPR/DPIA
- EQIA
- IT Security
- Reporting







- "Local authority staff capacity to provide the support for PB, budget engagement and consultations."
- "Impact on Covid restrictions on face to face engagements."
- "Developing understanding among council officers about mainstream PB."
- "Offering partnership in decision-making which is meaningful rather than tokenistic."





- "The mainstreaming of PB is not currently a Council priority"
- "Staffing resource required to support the implementation, engagement, promotion and administration of PB processes;"
- "Lead in time required to ensure meaningful community engagement;"
- "Local people need to be supported to get involved in the decision making process, beyond those engaged with existing community organisations;"



Challenges



- Staff Resource & skills
 - Covid Recovery
 - Cost of Living Crisis
 - Ukraine
- Community Engagement
- Mainstream PB can be resource intensive to do well
- Identifying service budgets and getting service buy in can be difficult
- Time often projects end up a dash to spend before year end









What budgets do you/could you/should you PB? (15 mins)

Discussion

Capital? Revenue? Ring Fenced?

Education? Health & Social Care?

City Deal? Just Transition?



What can you PB?



- Introduce yourself and current area of work
- Describe any knowledge or experience you have of PB
- Nominate Scribe and Feedback
- In your groups take 15 minutes to share with colleagues your experience of PB under the headings Doing/Planned and Could do/Should Do



- Consider what CMT/elected member buy in/support would be required
- Think about how governance could be established to oversee process
- What buy in from other services/partners would be needed?
- What would be the scope?
- What would be considered as part of the strategic design process?
- How would you establish need, purpose and community participation?



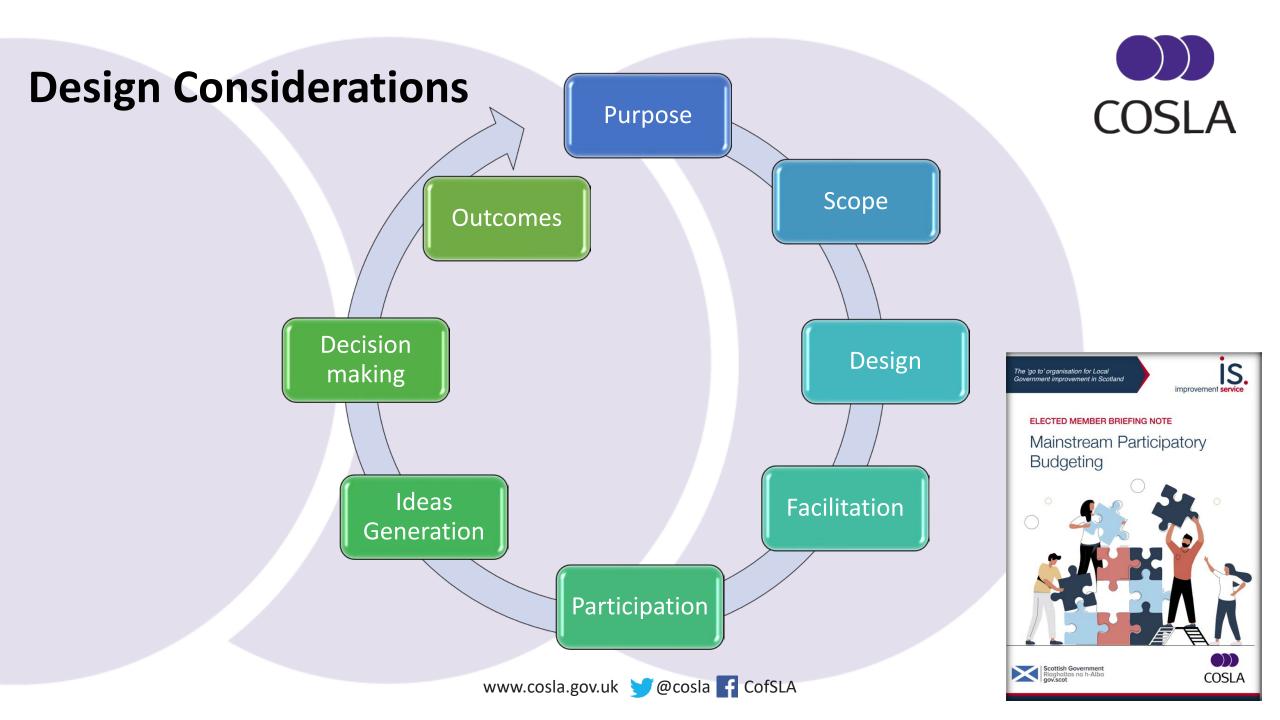
Being Green

It's not easy bein' green?





- What makes mainstream PB Green?
- Where is the expertise?
- Who decides?
- Does it matter?



Mainstream PB Playbook



Before starting the process, you will need to decide:

- What budget is available
- What criteria project proposals must meet
- Who is **eligible** to vote
- What type of voting you intend to use.

For the **budget** you will need to consider the period the budget relates to and any restrictions on the geographic area the budget applies to.

When developing **criteria**, you will have some core criteria such as: proposals must be legal; the person applying must be eligible; the proposal must benefit the area in which the budget is allocated; and it must be feasible. In addition, you will develop criteria relating to the purpose of the budget. Can you add green to the criteria

Greening Mainstream



- Green your PB Processes?
- PB your Green ring fenced funding
- Add Green evaluation criteria to your PB processes
- Map your mainstream PB processes to Green targets such as NPF or Just Transition



Green PB



How to Green your PB processes — PB Scotland

Online Options/Alternatives

Could events be supplemented with online options/alternatives

without increasing participation barriers?

CONSUL provides the tools to do this





National Performance Framework COSLA



Indicators

- Greenhouse Gas Emissions
- Carbon Footprint
- Energy from Renewable sources
- Waste Generated
- Sustainability of fish stocks
- Biodiversity
- Clean Seas
- Journeys by active travel
- Quality of public Service
- Influence over local decisions





United Nations Sustainable Development Goals





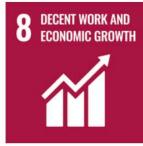






























SDG 13 Climate Action



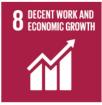
13. Climate Action Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards 13.1 and natural disasters in all countries. Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and 13.2 planning. Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction 13.3 and early warning. Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of 13.A meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible. Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate changerelated planning and management in least developed countries and 13.B small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities.

United Nations Sustainable Development Goals



















Just Transition



Citizens, communities and place: support affected regions by empowering and invigorating communities and strengthening local economies;

Jobs, skills and education: equip people with the skills, education and retraining required to support retention and creation of access to green, fair and high-value work;

Fair distribution of costs and benefits: address existing economic and social inequality by sharing the benefits of climate action widely, while ensuring that the costs are distributed on the basis of ability to pay;

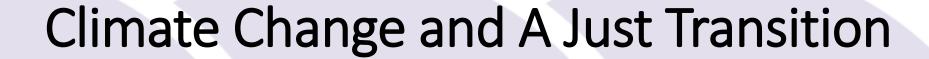
Business and Economy: support a strong, dynamic and productive economy which creates wealth and high quality employment across Scotland, upholds the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, and continues to make Scotland a great place to do business;

Adaptation and resilience: identify key risks from climate change and set out actions to build resilience to these risks, ensuring our economy is flexible, adaptable and responsive to the changing climate;

Environmental protection and restoration: commit to act within our planetary boundaries while protecting and restoring our natural environment;

Decarbonisation and efficiencies: contribute to resource efficient and sustainable economic approaches that actively encourage decarbonisation, support low-carbon investment and infrastructure, and avoid carbon 'lockin';







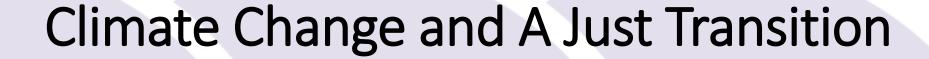
- Launch of JT Commission September 2019 Remit to advise government on how to achieve a Carbon Neutral Economy with a focus on Fair Work and Tackling Inequality
- 2021 Recommendations to Government included 1% Green PB

13. To place people at the centre of local climate action, Scottish Government and COSLA should implement Green Participatory Budgeting with explicit recognition of just transition principles, and agree to target levels of funding.

And

15. Scottish Government must learn from the experience of deliberative forums such as Scotland's Climate Assembly, and apply the lessons widely across the development of policies for tackling climate change.







- 2022 (2nd) Just Transition Commission report emphasised the need to maintain effective engagement, participation and feedback with communities as part of strategic work to address inequalities, monitoring, impact and risk.
- COSLA Environment and Economy board agreed (April 22) that JT should remain a high priority with current workstreams across waste, transport and planning (NPF4).
- Clear links into the role of empowered communities to participate in work towards climate change and Just Transition to net zero by 2045.

Scotland's Climate Assembly



Met between November 2020 and March 2021 to answer

How should Scotland change to tackle the climate emergency in an effective and fair way?

- Interim Report March 21
- Full report June 2021 81 Recommendations to SG
- <u>Response from Scottish Government</u> December 21 outlined activity across all 81 points including

We will be working with the Scottish Community Development Centre (SCDC) to explore and develop Green Participatory Budgeting initiatives.

And

we will seek to embed climate principles into participatory budgeting initiatives undertaken by local authorities, building on the agreement between the Scottish Government and COSLA that at least 1% of council budgets will be subject to Participatory Budgeting by 2021/22.



Approaches to Green PB



Create a multi heading
Green budget with funds
allocated to different
Green targets – in this
example Just Transition

Just Transition and Green PB

Citizens, communities and place £200,000

Environmental protection and restoration

£400,000

Jobs, skills and education

Budget investments' proposals located geographically



Help with participatory budgets

With the participatory budgets the citizens decide to which projects is destined a part of the budget.



Approaches to Green PB



Create a mainstream PB budget and TAG the green components





Fair distribution of costs and benefits, Environmental protection and restoration:, Citizens, communities and place

Sustainable Development Goals and Targets

You can choose one or several SDGs aligned with your investment



































You can introduce the code of a specific goal/target or a text to find one. For more information visit the SDG help page.

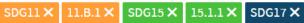
Write a goal or target code or description











Which SDGs and targets are aligned with my investment?

- 3 Good Health and Well-Being
- 11 Sustainable Cities and Communities
- 11.B.1 NPF: Communities
- 15 Life on Land
- 15.1.1 Just Transition: Environmental protection and restoration
- 17 Partnerships For the Goals





Tags

Tag this proposal. You can choose from proposed categories or add your own

Categories



Environment, Economy, Culture, Communities

Sustainable Development Goals and Targets

You can choose one or several SDGs aligned with your citizen proposal







































You can introduce the code of a specific goal/target or a text to find one. For more information visit the SDG help page.

NPF

1.2.1. NPF: Poverty

7.A.1. NPF Indicator: Greenhouse gas emissions

11.B.1. NPF: Communities

How do you know it is green?



- SDG Targets
- NPF Targets
- Just Transition Targets

- If you add green criteria, where is your local expertise to evaluate proposals?
- If it is PB, and citizens are voting/deciding does it matter?



Examples of Green PB in Local Government

Case Study – (Strategic) South Lanarkshire Council COSLA

- Prior to pandemic committee paper submitted and revised
- All departments asked to identify suitable funds not optional
- EM buy in via training and involvement in design
- Focus on full council approach rather than central coordination via CLD
- Identified PB processes for roads, street cleaning, PEF, Housing and Technical and Renewable Energy Fund
- Focus of PB activity able to pivot in response to pandemic.







Case Study – (Community Assets) Moray Council

- PB on Playparks £50,000 to upgrade local play facilities
- Wide engagement with community (children, parents)
- Process involved community in site design and tender process deliberation of practical aspects e.g. materials used for easy maintenance
- Additional community fundraising of £120,000
- Use of CONSUL to vote on winning tender submissions
- Council commitment to maintain playpark going forward







CRF Funding Community Choices Help

Dundee Climate Fund



The Dundee Climate Fund has been set up to support community-led climate change projects. It's based on a model called Community Choices where citizens will decide how to spend a budget that supports the delivery of the city's Climate Action Plan.

The Dundee Climate Fund has a total of £750,000, where £250,000 is revenue and £500,000 is capital funding.

The Dundee Climate Fund will support projects that relate to one or more of the following themes:

- - Energy: reducing consumption, promoting energy efficiency, use of renewables.
- No.
- · Transport: encouraging active travel, decarbonising transport.
- · Waste: reducing waste, recycling, reusing resources.
- · Resilience: improving greenspaces, biodiversity, local food growing.

· **Community Engagement:** increasing public awareness, engaging communities and young people in climate change.



Looking for inspiration? Have a look at some of Keep Scotland Beautiful's Climate Challenge Fund case studies

City of Edinburgh

Demo Climate Grant Fund £100,000

Budget investments' proposals located geographically



List of investments



A Green demo proposal

2022-11-01 · consultest6@cosla.gov.uk · Demo Climate Grant Fund

Read more



Demo budget proposal 1

2022-11-01 · jjm · Climate Grant Fund

Read more



Demo budget proposal 2

2022-11-01 · jjm · Climate Grant Fund

Read more





CURRENT PHASE Submit proposals

To create a new budget investment you must sign in or

Participatory budgets phases

CURRENT PHASE Get Ready Submit proposals

Evaluating projects

Cast your Vote

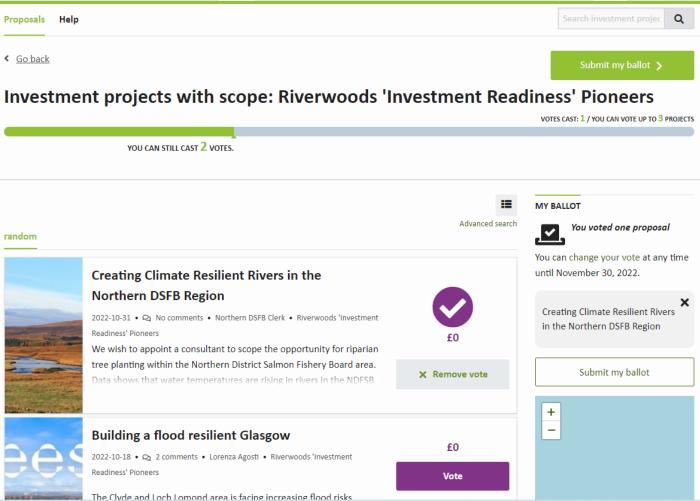
The Successful Projects





Riverwoods



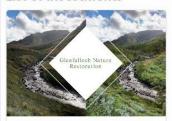


Riverwoods 'Investment Readiness' Pioneers

Budget investments' proposals located geographically



List of investments





Read more



Climate Resilience Project 2022-10-27 • Q 2 comments • Cloudberry • Riverwoods 'Investment Readiness' Pioneers

Read more



in the Northern DSFB Region 2022-10-31 • Q No comments • Northern DSFB Clerk . Riverwoods 'Investment Readiness' Pioneers

Creating Climate Resilient Rivers

Read more



What does Green PB look like in your organisation? (20 mins)

Mainstream PB provides a useful tool in facilitating discussions about climate change across all services e.g. housing, planning, procurement, environmental services, transport etc.



What does Green PB look like in your organisation? (20 mins)

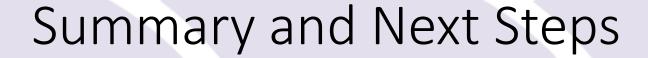


4 Questions:

- Do you have any examples of Green/Climate PB in your world?
- What opportunities can you see across your existing work on PB to include discussions on climate/Just Transition?
- What challenges need to be overcome in promoting PB as a tool for local discussions on Climate/Just Transition?
- Engagement can be difficult numbers in PBs are often low how do you fix this



Summary and Next Steps





- Accept there will be challenges
- Don't reinvent the wheel
- Use what you have
- Use Digital
- Get help

johnmunro@cosla.gov.uk consul@cosla.gov.uk